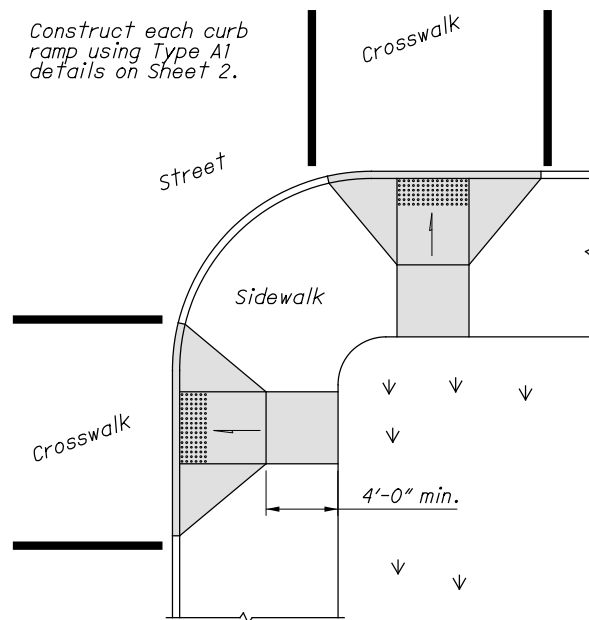
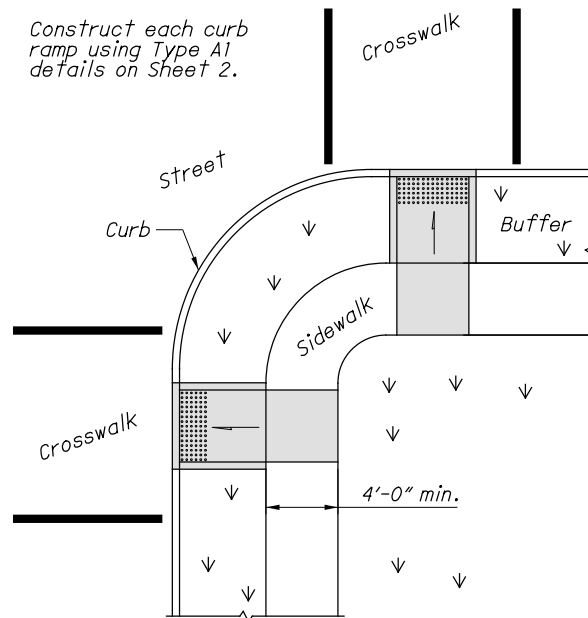


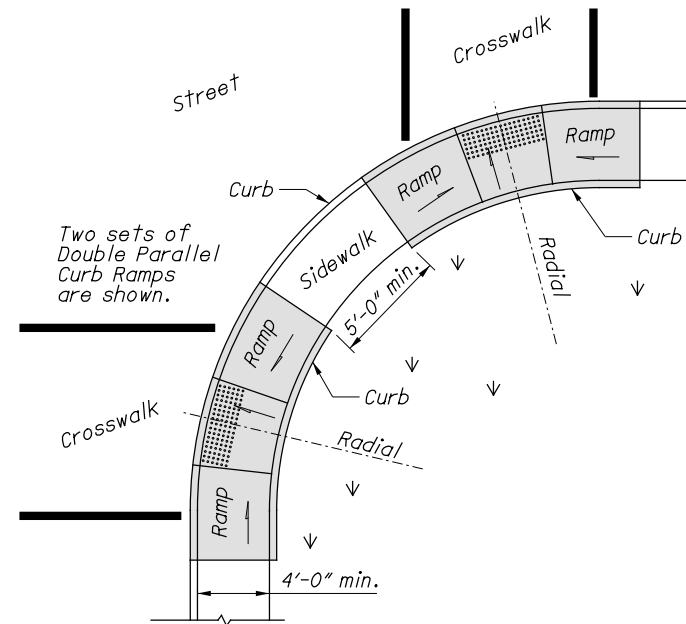


Use curb ramps with flared sides at locations with wide sidewalks.



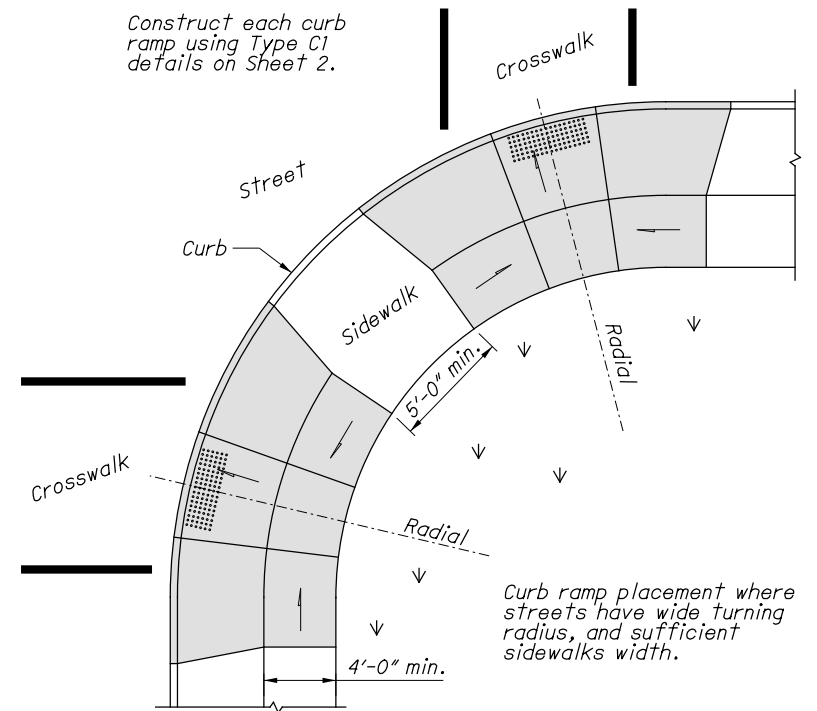
Use curb ramps with returned curbs where buffer is wide enough to accommodate ramp slope.

PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMPS



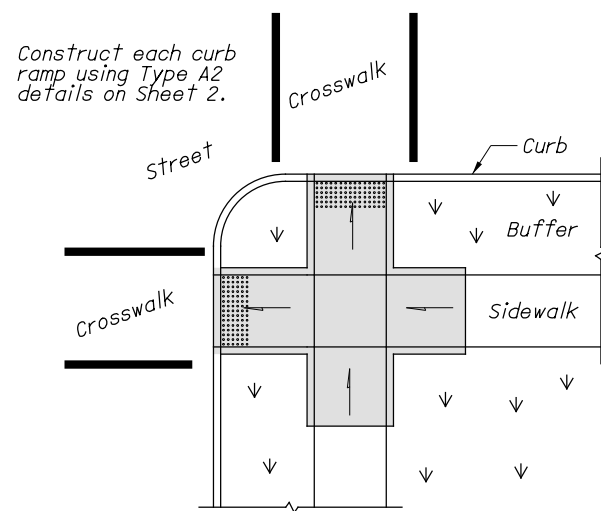
Place on streets having wide turning radius and where sidewalks are narrow.

PARALLEL CURB RAMPS



Curb ramp placement where streets have wide turning radius, and sufficient sidewalks width.

COMBINATION CURB RAMPS



NOTES

GENERAL: This drawing shows curb ramp types details and placement examples for curb ramp construction, including the installation of detectable warnings.

Curb ramp types are shown on Sheet 2 and include Perpendicular, Parallel, and Combined types as specified to be constructed in the locations shown on the project plans.

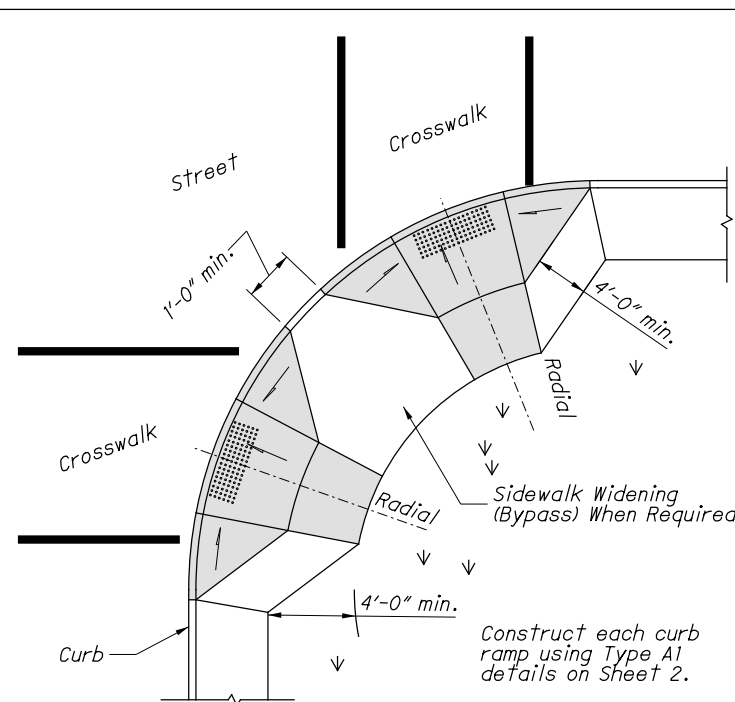
Curb ramps added to an existing intersection or walk should be individually detailed on the project plans to assure that the design is appropriate for site constraints and all items can be constructed to ADA standards. The contractor may adjust the placement of curb ramps if existing field conditions warrant with the approval of the Engineer.

PAYMENT: Measure and pay for the ramp area within the shaded limits of this drawing as Item 608 Curb Ramp, Square Foot. This includes the cost of any curb or curb and gutter, detectable warnings, landing areas and any additional materials, installation, grading, forming, and finishing required within the shaded area.

Work beyond the shaded ramp/landing area is paid for as curb (609) and walk (608). Removal of existing curb, walk (or existing curb ramps) are paid under Item 202.

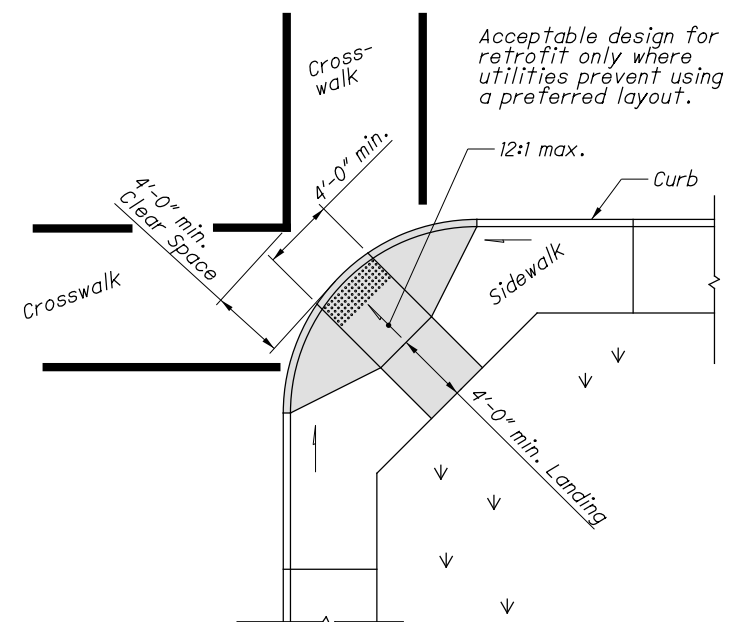
For at-grade crossing locations where only detectable warnings are required in order to achieve ADA compliance, measure and pay for the strip of detectable warnings as Item 608 Detectable Warning, Square Foot. The work to cast the tiles in place will also require removal of existing pavement (Item 202) to the nearest joint, or if no joint exists, a minimum of 4 feet.

PREFERRED CONSTRUCTION PLACEMENT



Acceptable design on corners with wide turning radius where user is able to maneuver within crosswalk limits so as not to encroach into adjacent traveled lanes.

PERPENDICULAR RAMPS

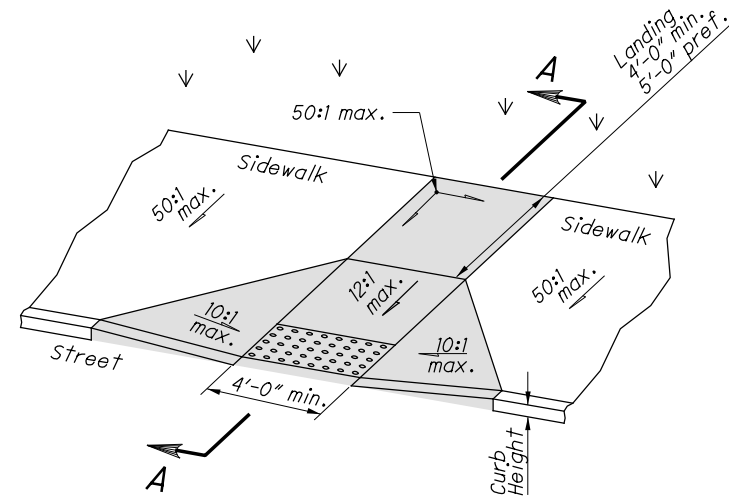


Use this design only for existing walks, and when site constraints prohibit other designs. The diagonal Type D ramp may be constructed as either a Perpendicular, Parallel or Combination curb ramp type. Avoid using where curb radii are less than 20'-0".

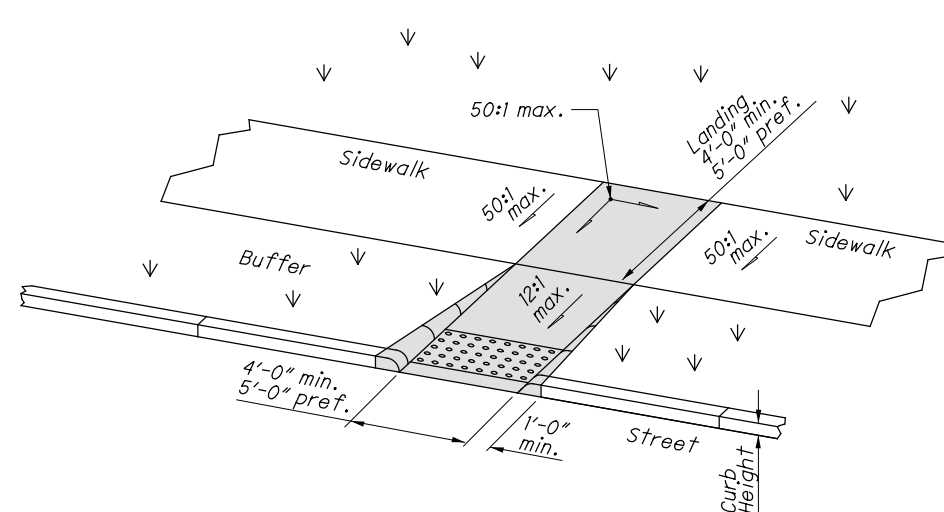
DIAGONAL RAMP (Type D)

ACCEPTABLE CONSTRUCTION PLACEMENT

STATE OF OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATOR	REVISION DATE
David L. Holstein	7-20-2018
STUDY ENGINEER	D. Fisher
OFFICE OF ROADWAY ENGINEERING	
STANDARD ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION DRAWING NEW CURB RAMPS (with Detectable Warnings)	
SCD NUMBER BP-7.1	
THIS DRAWING REPLACES BP-7.1 DATED 7-18-14.	
1 / 3	

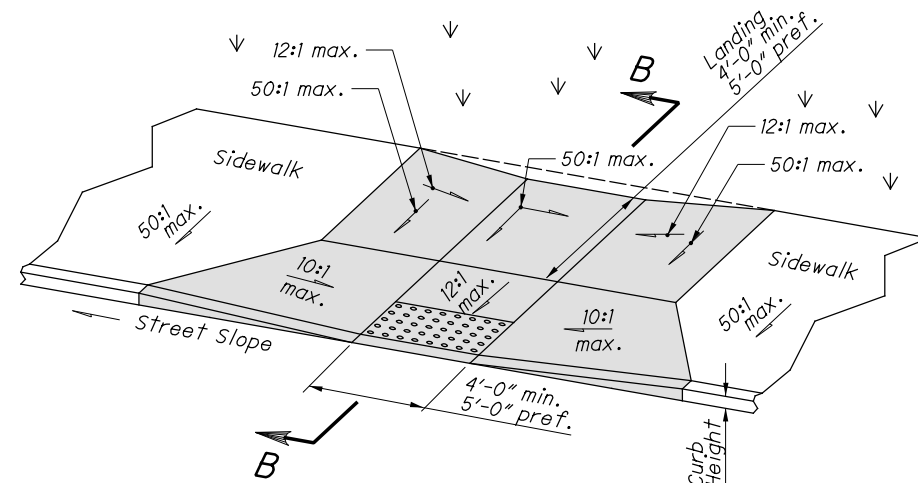


Type A1 (Perpendicular with flared sides)

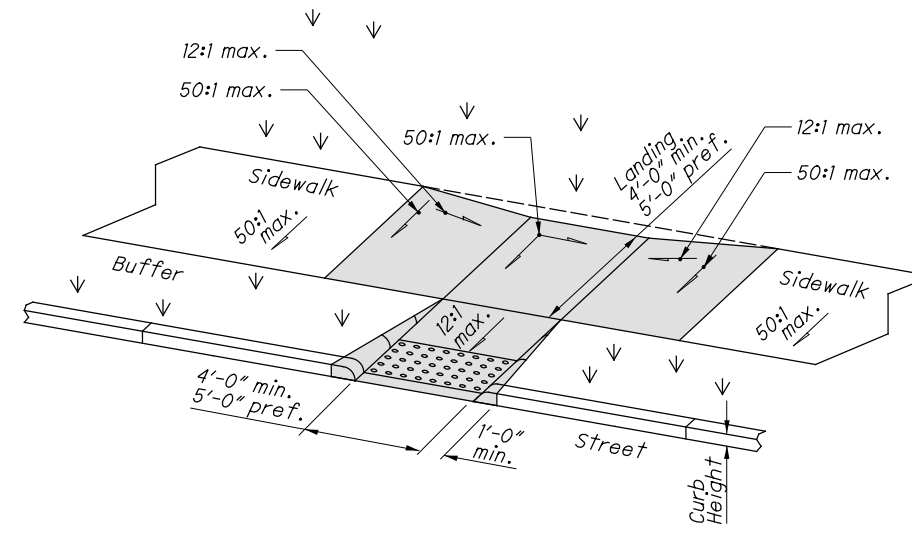


Type A2 (Perpendicular with returned curb)

PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP DETAILS

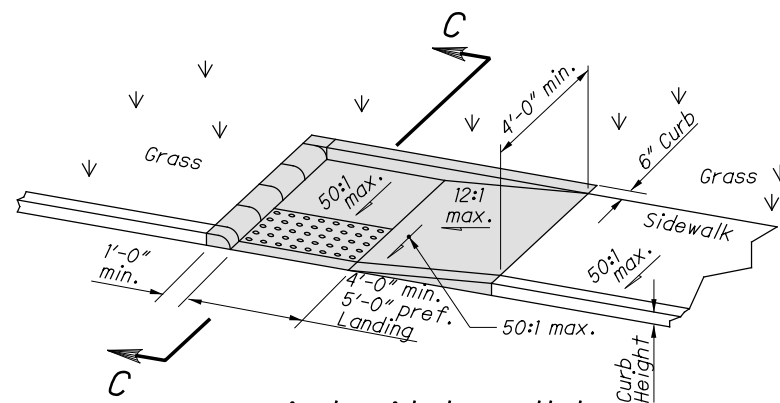


Type C1 (Combined with flared sides)

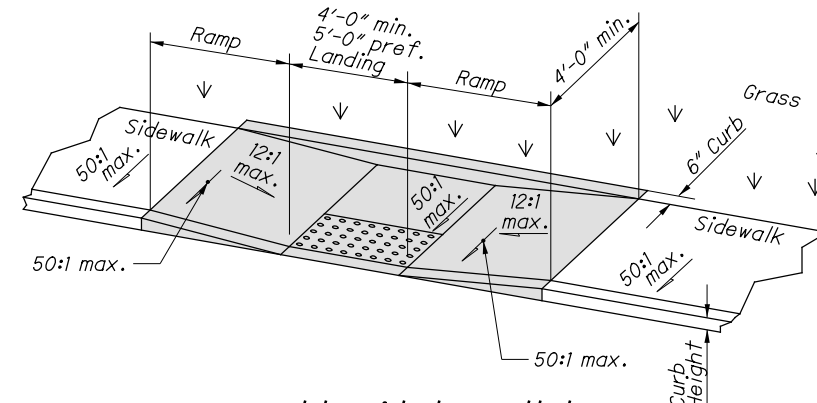


Type C2 (Combined with returned curb)

COMBINED CURB RAMP DETAILS

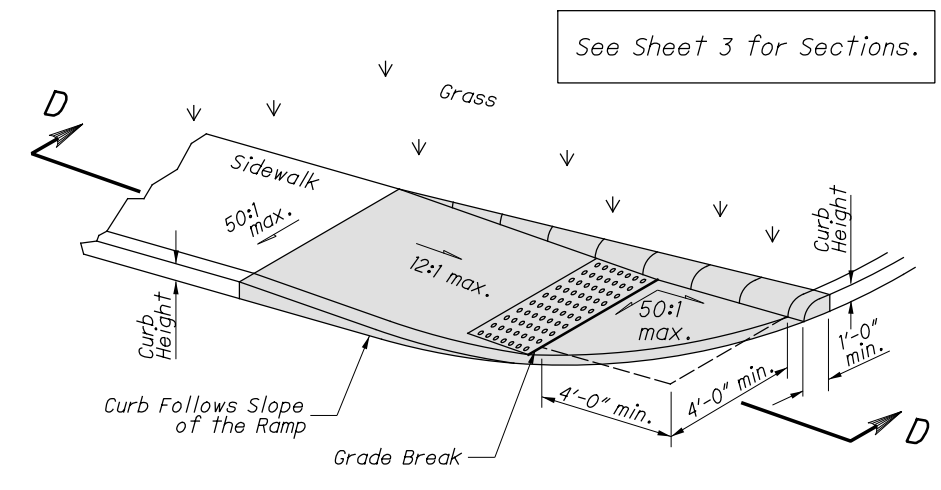


Type B1 (Single sided Parallel)



Type B2 (Double sided Parallel)

PARALLEL CURB RAMP DETAILS



Type B3 (Single sided Parallel)

NOTES CONTINUED

The running slope of the curb ramp shall be a 12:1 maximum or flatter. In existing sidewalks, where the maximum ramp slope is not feasible due to site constraints (e.g. utility poles or vaults, right-of-way limits) it may be reduced as follows:

- A) 10:1 for a max. rise of 6",
- B) 8:1 for a max. rise of 3",
- C) 6:1 over a max. run of 2'-0" for historic areas where a flatter slope is not feasible.

To prevent chasing the grade indefinitely, the transition from existing sidewalk to the shaded curb ramp area is not required to exceed 15 feet in length.

While ramps may be skewed to the crosswalk, the entire lower landing area must fall within the cross walk that the ramp serves and cannot be located in the traveled lane of opposing traffic.

The counter slope of the gutter or street at the foot of a curb ramp, landing, or blended transitions shall be 20:1 or flatter.

The bottom edge of the ramp shall change planes perpendicular to the landing.

The edge of the curb shall be flush with the edge of the adjacent pavement and gutter and surface slopes that meet grade breaks shall also be flush.

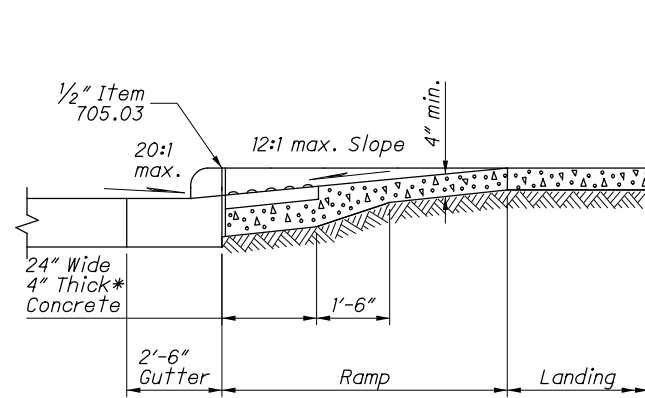
Ramp landings shall be 4' min. x 4' min. with a 50:1 or flatter cross slope and running slope.

DETECTABLE WARNINGS: Install Detectable Warnings on each curb ramp with approved materials, as shown on Sheet 3. Install these proprietary products as per manufacturer's written instructions.

DRAINAGE: Contractor is to ensure the base of each constructed curb ramp allows for proper drainage, without exceeding allowable cross slope or ramp slopes. Vertical change in level exceeding $\frac{1}{8}$ " between the 1) pavement and gutter, and 2) gutter and ramp, are not allowed.

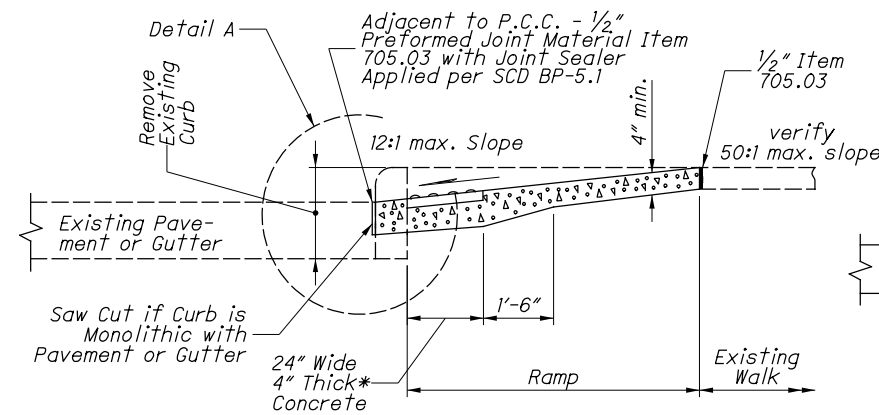
SURFACE TEXTURE: Texture concrete surfaces by coarse brooming transverse to the ramp slopes to be rougher than the adjacent walk.

JOINTS: Provide expansion joints in the curb ramp as extensions of walk joints and consistent with Item 608.03 requirements for a new concrete walk. Provide a $\frac{1}{2}$ " Item 705.03 expansion joint filler around the edge of ramps built in existing concrete walks. Lines shown on this drawing indicate the ramp edges and slope changes, and do not necessarily indicate joint lines.

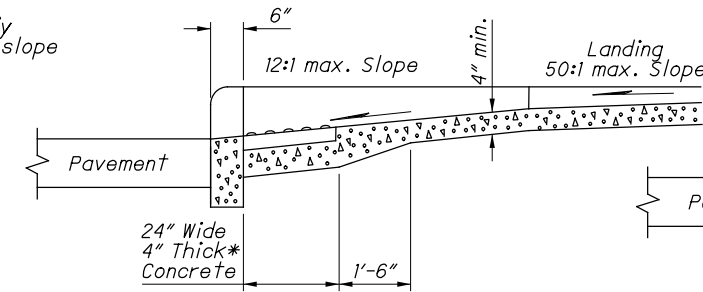


New gutter shown.

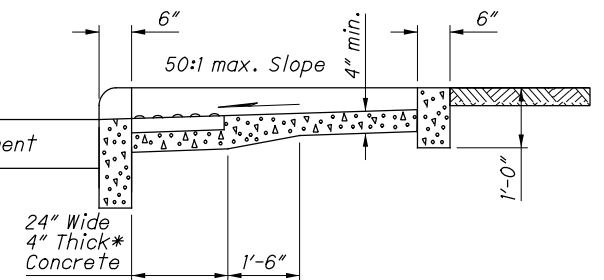
**SECTION A-A
NORMAL DETAIL**
See Sheet 2.



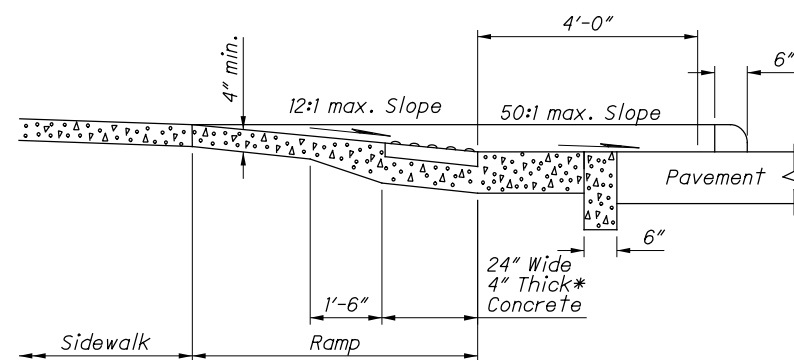
**SECTION A-A
EXISTING WALK DETAIL**
See Sheet 2.



SECTION B-B
See Sheet 2.



SECTION C-C
See Sheet 2.



SECTION D-D
See Sheet 2.

*Where possible, pour ramp area integral with the curb, otherwise use 6" thick walk.

DETECTABLE WARNINGS NOTES

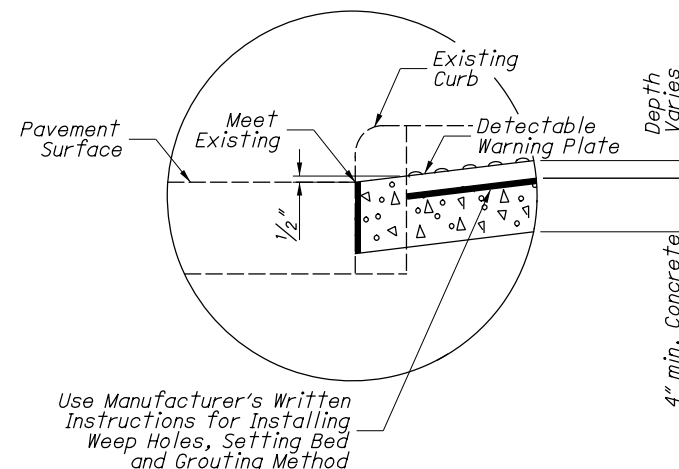
GENERAL: Detectable Warnings are a distinctive surface pattern of truncated domes which are detectable by cane or underfoot to alert people with vision impairments of their approach to streets and hazardous drop-offs.

PLACEMENT: Detectable warnings are to be installed at any location where pedestrians might cross paths with vehicular traffic lanes, such as the base of curb ramps or at blended curbs. A 24" strip of domes is to be installed for the full width of the ramp or walk. Typical street corner placement locations are shown on Sheet 1.

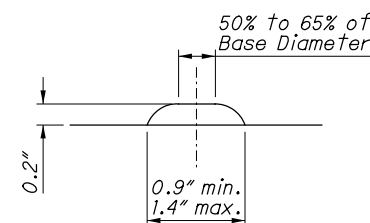
The depth of concrete underneath detectable warning products shall be a minimum of 4". See DETAIL A.

ALIGNMENT: Truncated domes should be aligned with the primary direction of the ramp as shown on the DETECTABLE WARNING ALIGNMENT Detail. Normally the detectable warnings should be flush with the back of the curb, but for skewed conditions see DETECTABLE WARNING ALIGNMENT Detail. For non-standard layouts, detectable warning materials may have to be mitered and placed segmentally.

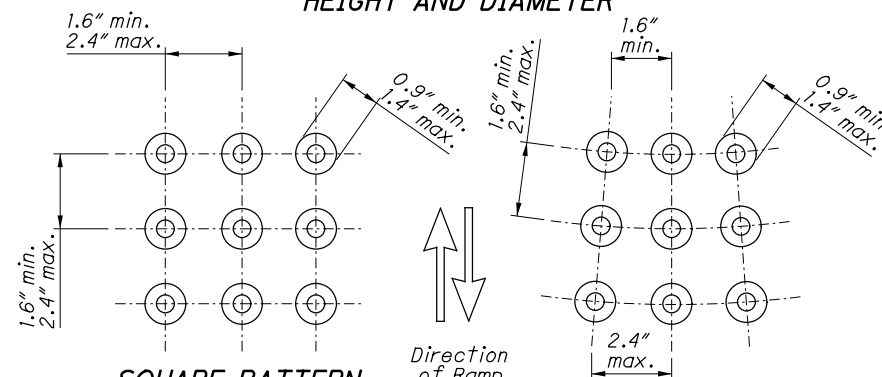
PRODUCTS & COLORS: Color of the detectable warnings should contrast with surrounding concrete walk and ramp. Black is not an acceptable color. Approved products and guidance on color may be found on the Office of Roadway Engineering Service's Detectable Warnings Approved List. Install products as per manufacturer's printed instructions.



DETAIL A



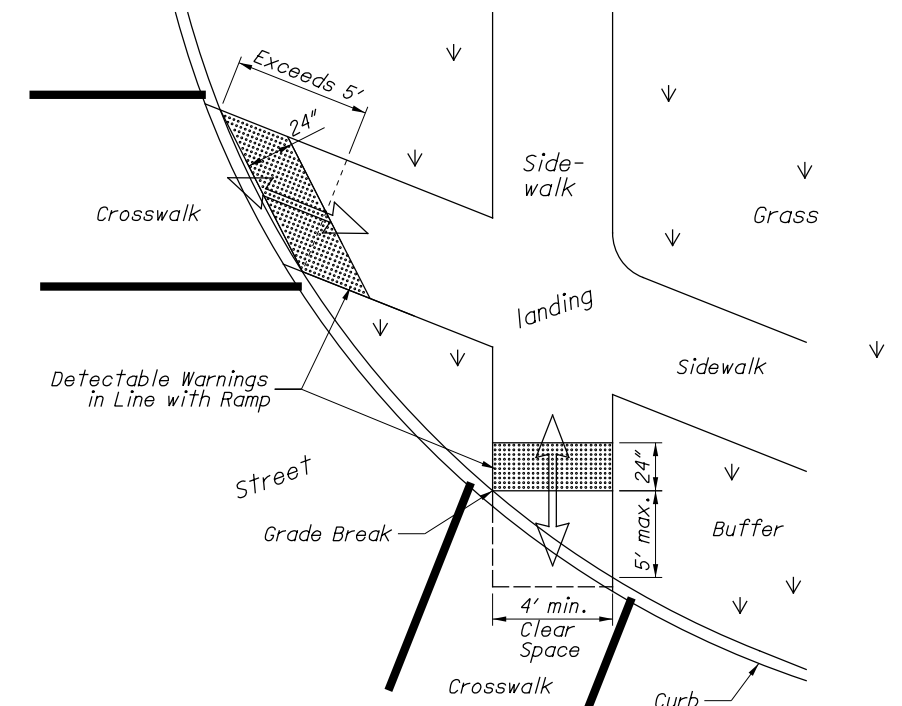
HEIGHT AND DIAMETER



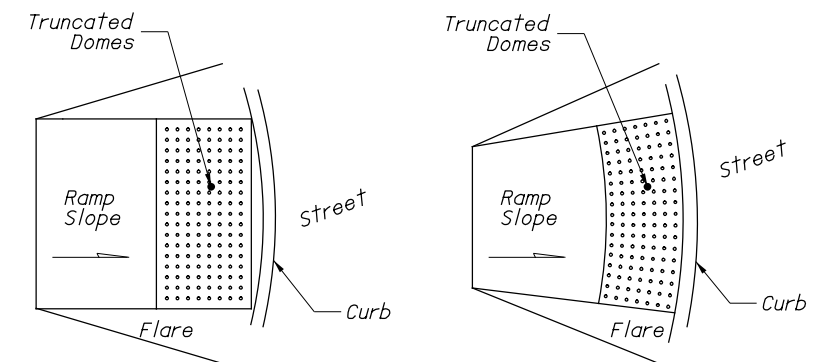
**SQUARE PATTERN,
PARALLEL ALIGNMENT**

RADIAL ALIGNMENT

TRUNCATED DOMES DETAILS



DETECTABLE WARNING ALIGNMENT



DOME ALIGNMENT ON RADIUS CURB